# LOCKHEED MARTIN ANNOUNCES SECOND QUARTER 2010 RESULTS

- Second quarter net sales increase three percent to \$11.4 billion - Second quarter earnings from continuing operations decline one percent to \$727 million - Second quarter earnings per share from continuing operations increase five percent to \$1.96 - Second quarter cash from operations increases eight percent to \$1.2 billion - Increases outlook for earnings per share from continuing operations and cash from operations; decreases outlook for net sales due to discontinued operations

## PRNewswire-FirstCall BETHESDA, Md.

Lockheed Martin Corporation today reported second quarter 2010 net sales of \$11.4 billion, a 3 percent increase over the \$11.1 billion in 2009. Earnings from continuing operations for the second quarter of 2010 were \$727 million, or \$1.96 per diluted share, compared to \$731 million, or \$1.87 per diluted share, in 2009. Cash from operations in the second quarter of 2010 was \$1.2 billion, compared to \$1.1 billion in 2009.

"We had strong second quarter financial results," said Chairman and CEO Bob Stevens. "Operationally, we're continuing to implement affordability initiatives that will enhance performance and lower cost, and our dedicated workforce is focused on meeting our commitments. Strategically, we decided to divest two units and realign others to strengthen performance over the long term. In the new reality of escalating demands and increasing constraints on resources, we continue to refine our portfolio of capabilities and services to provide the best, most affordable solutions for our customers, a secure future for our employees and value for our shareholders."

### **Realignment and Planned Divestitures**

As previously announced on June 2, 2010, we have taken certain portfolio-shaping actions designed to strengthen our business over the long term, as follows:

- -- Disclosed plans to divest most of Enterprise Integration Group (EIG) and Pacific Architects and Engineers, Inc. (PAE), two businesses within Information Systems & Global Solutions (IS&GS); and
- -- Realigned two IS&GS businesses, Readiness & Stability Operations (RSO) and Savi Technology, Inc., with our Simulation, Training and Support business to form the Global Training & Logistics (GT&L) line of business within Electronic Systems.

We are actively marketing PAE for sale and expect the transaction to occur around the end of 2010. As a result, PAE's operating results are included in discontinued operations and its assets and liabilities are classified as held for sale on the balance sheet. The plan to divest PAE is a result of customers seeking a different mix of services that do not fit with our long-term strategy.

We are currently evaluating the relative merits of a sale transaction for EIG compared to a spin-off of the EIG business to our stockholders. EIG's financial results will remain in IS&GS' continuing operations until we either conclude that a sale is probable or close a spin-off transaction. We expect a transaction to occur around the end of 2010.

Our decision to divest EIG was based on our analysis of the U.S. Government's increased concerns about perceived organizational conflicts of interest within the defense contracting community. We have never had an organizational conflict of interest violation; however, the potential for conflicts arises in circumstances where a contractor providing certain types of advisory services or support to the U.S. Government is also involved in systems development activities. EIG provides systems engineering, architecture, and integration services and support to a broad range of government customers.

Certain financial information herein has been reclassified to reflect the realignment between the Electronic Systems and IS&GS business segments and to exclude the PAE business from the IS&GS business segment.

Summary Reported Results and Outlook

The following table presents the Corporation's results for the periods referenced in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP):

REPORTED RESULTS	2nd Quarter Year-to-Date
(In millions, except per share data) 2010	2009 2010 2009 
	2 \$11,072 \$21,915 \$21,280 = ====== ======= =======
Operating profit	
Segment operating profit Unallocated corporate, net: FAS/CAS pension adjustmen Stock compensation expens	\$1,287 \$1,272 \$2,435 \$2,466 t (110) (115) (220) (229) e (41) (42) (82) (72) (37) (26) (35)
	35 1,078 2,107 2,130
Interest expense 8	6 74 173 148
	9) 46 9 43 
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	1,030 1,050 1,943 2,025
Income tax expense(2)	303 319 675 628
Earnings from discontinued	731 1,268 1,397 3 104 3
Net earnings \$82	5   \$734  \$1,372  \$1,400 ====   ======  ======
Discontinued operations	51.96 \$1.87 \$3.38 \$3.54 0.26 0.01 0.28 0.01 
Diluted earnings per share	\$2.22 \$1.88 \$3.66 \$3.55 ===== ===== =====
Cash from operations \$	1,225 \$1,136 \$2,874 \$2,354 ====== ====== =====
1 Includes interest income and u	

marketable securities held in a Rabbi Trust to fund certain employee benefit obligations.

2 The 2010 year-to-date amount includes an unusual charge resulting from legislation that eliminates the tax deduction for benefit costs reimbursed under Medicare Part D, which increased income tax expense by \$96 million.

3 The 2010 2nd quarter and year-to-date amounts include a \$96 million tax benefit due to the recognition of a deferred tax asset for PAE book and tax differences recorded when the decision was made to dispose of PAE.

The following table and other sections of this press release contain forward-looking statements, which are based on the Corporation's current expectations. Actual results may differ materially from those projected. See the "Forward-Looking Statements" discussion contained in this press release.

2010 FINANCIAL OUTLOOK (1)	2010 Projections
(In millions, except per share data and percentages) 	April 2010 Current Update
	250 - \$47,250  \$45,500 - \$46,500 ===================================
Operating profit:	
	\$5,025 - \$5,125 \$5,025 - \$5,125 e,
FAS/CAS pension adjustme Stock compensation expen Other, net	nt (440) (440) se (170) (170) (120) (100)
Operating profit 4	,295 - 4,395 4,315 - 4,415
Interest expense	(350) (350)
Other non-operating income, ne Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes \$3,975	
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations \$7.00	- \$7.20 \$7.15 - \$7.35
Cash from operations	>/= \$3,300 >/= \$3,400
ROIC(2)	>/=16.0% >/= 17.0%
1 All amounts approximate.	
2 See discussion of non-GAAP pe document.	erformance measures at the end of this

The Corporation's updated outlook for 2010 net sales, diluted earnings per share, and cash from operations incorporates: the removal of \$750 million in projected net sales and \$30 million in projected segment operating profit relating to PAE discontinued operations; a \$30 million increase in projected segment operating profit driven by improved performance within Space Systems; and a net \$0.15 per share improvement primarily due to a reduction in projected weighted average shares outstanding as a result of higher than anticipated share repurchase activity during the second quarter.

Our outlook for 2010 cash from operations anticipates that we will make at least \$1.4 billion in discretionary contributions to our pension trust during 2010. We have made discretionary contributions of \$350 million to our pension trusts through June 2010. We anticipate recovering approximately \$1.0 billion as CAS cost during 2010, with the remainder being recoverable in future years.

Our outlook does not include any financial effect of the voluntary executive separation program announced on July 6, 2010 as the financial results of the program will not be known until later in 2010. Our outlook also does not incorporate any financial effect related to the research and development (R&D) tax credit, which expired on Dec. 31, 2009. The R&D tax credit benefit will not be incorporated into our 2010 outlook or results unless it is extended by Congress. The benefit of the R&D tax credit was approximately \$0.11 per share for 2009.

### Cash Deployment Strategy

We continued to execute our cash deployment strategy in the second quarter of 2010 by:

- repurchasing 9.7 million shares at a cost of \$782 million in the quarter and 16.2 million shares at a cost of \$1.3 billion for the year-to-date period;
- -- paying cash dividends totaling \$233 million in the quarter and \$471 million for the year-to-date period; and
- -- expending capital of \$131 million during the quarter and \$223 million during the first six months of the year.

In May 2010, we issued \$728 million of new 5.72 percent Notes due 2040 (the New Notes), in exchange for \$611 million of our then outstanding debt securities (the Old Notes). We paid a premium of \$158 million, of which \$117 million was in the form of New Notes and \$41 million was paid in cash. The premium will be amortized to interest expense over the life of the New Notes.

### Segment Results

The Corporation operates in four principal business segments: Aeronautics; Electronic Systems; IS&GS; and Space Systems.

The segment results and discussions that follow reflect the previously discussed realignment between the Electronic Systems and IS&GS business segments as well as the exclusion of PAE from IS&GS as discontinued operations. EIG results continue to be included in the continuing operations of IS&GS.

Operating profit for the business segments includes equity earnings (losses) from their investments, because the operating activities of the investees are closely aligned with the operations of those segments. Our largest equity investments are United Launch Alliance (ULA) and United Space Alliance (USA), both of which are part of Space Systems.

The following table presents the operating results of the four business segments and reconciles these amounts to the Corporation's consolidated financial results.

(In millions)	2nd Quarter Year-to-Date
	2010 2009 2010 2009
Net sales	
Electronic Systems Information System Solutions	2,688 2,535 5,034 4,875 2,080 2,056 3,998 3,974
	\$11,442       \$11,072       \$21,915       \$21,280
Operating profit	
Electronic Systems Information System Solutions	\$372 \$399 \$696 \$754 432 425 836 825 is & Global 238 224 445 451 245 224 458 436
Unallocated corpora	(152) (194) (328) (336)
	it \$1,135 \$1,078 \$2,107 \$2,130

In our discussion of comparative results, changes in net sales and operating profit generally are expressed in terms of volume and performance.

Volume refers to increases or decreases in sales resulting from varying production activity levels, deliveries, or service levels on individual contracts. Volume changes typically include a corresponding change in operating profit based on the estimated profit rate at completion for a

particular contract for design, development and production activities.

Performance generally refers to changes in contract profit booking rates. These changes to our contracts for products usually relate to profit recognition associated with revisions to total estimated costs at completion of the contracts that reflect improved (or deteriorated) operating or award fee performance on a particular contract. Changes in contract profit booking rates on contracts for products are recognized by recording adjustments in the current period for the inception-to-date effect of the changes on current and prior periods. Recognition of the inception-to-date adjustment in the current or prior periods may affect the comparison of segment operating results.

Aeronautics

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(\$ millions)	2nd Quarter		Year-to-Date	
	2010 2	2009 2	2010 2	2009
Net sales	\$3,146	\$3,086	\$6,079	\$5,867
Operating profit	\$372	\$399	\$696	\$754
Operating margin	11.8%	12.9%	11.4%	6 12.9%

Net sales for Aeronautics increased by 2 percent for the quarter and 4 percent for the first six months of 2010 from the comparable 2009 periods. In both periods, sales increased in Air Mobility and declined in Combat Aircraft. The increase in Air Mobility primarily was attributable to higher volume on C-130J programs including deliveries and support activities. There were six C-130J deliveries in the second quarter of 2010 (compared to three in the second quarter of 2009) and nine in the first six months of 2010 (compared to six in the comparable period of 2009). The decrease in Combat Aircraft principally was due to lower volume on the F-35 System Development and Demonstration (SDD) contract, F-16 programs, including a decline in deliveries, as well as lower volume on F-22 and other combat aircraft programs. These decreases partially were offset by higher volume on the F-35 production contracts. There were five F-16 deliveries in the second quarter of 2010 (compared to 2009) and 11 in the first six months of 2010 (compared to 2009). Other Aeronautics Programs sales were relatively unchanged between periods.

Operating profit for Aeronautics decreased by 7 percent for the quarter and 8 percent for the first six months of 2010 from the comparable 2009 periods. In both periods, the decline in operating profit primarily was due to decreases in Combat Aircraft, which partially were offset by increases in Air Mobility and Other Aeronautics Programs. The decrease in Combat Aircraft's operating profit primarily was due to the lower volume on the F-35 SDD contract, F-16 and F-22 programs as well as a decrease in the level of favorable performance adjustments on other combat aircraft programs in 2010 compared to 2009. These decreases more than offset increased operating profit resulting from higher volume and improved performance on F-35 production contracts. The increase in Air Mobility operating profit primarily was due to the higher volume on C-130J and other air mobility programs. The increase in Other Aeronautics Programs mainly was attributable to improved performance in sustainment activities and higher volume and improved performance on P-3 programs.

Electronic Systems

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(\$ millions)	2nd (	Quarter	Yea	r-to-Date	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Net sales Operating	\$3,528	\$3,39	5 \$6,8	04 \$6,564	ł
profit	\$432	\$425	\$836	\$825	
Operating					
margin	12.2%	12.5	% 12.3	3% 12.6%	6

Net sales for Electronic Systems increased by 4 percent for the quarter and first six months of 2010 from the comparable 2009 periods. In both periods, sales increased in GT&L and Missiles & Fire

Control (M&FC) but declined in Mission Systems & Sensors (MS2). The increase at GT&L primarily was due to growth on readiness and stability operations and higher volume on simulation & training programs. The increase at M&FC primarily was due to higher volume on air defense and certain tactical missile programs, which partially were offset in the six month period by lower volume on fire control systems. The decrease at MS2 mainly was due to lower volume on ship & aviation systems and undersea warfare programs, which partially were offset by higher volume on surface naval warfare and radar system programs.

Operating profit for Electronic Systems increased by 2 percent for the quarter and 1 percent for the first six months of 2010 from the comparable 2009 periods. During the quarter, operating profit increased at M&FC and GT&L but declined at MS2. The increase at M&FC mainly was due to higher volume and improved performance on certain tactical missile programs and improved performance on fire control systems, which partially were offset by declines on air defense programs. The increase at GT&L primarily was attributable to higher volume on readiness and stability operations, which partially were offset by lower profitability on certain simulation & training programs in 2010. The decrease at MS2 primarily was attributable to lower volume and performance on undersea warfare system programs and lower volume on ship & aviation system programs, which partially were offset by higher volume and improved performance on radar system programs in 2010.

During the first six months of the year, operating profit increased at M&FC and GT&L but declined at MS2. The increase at M&FC mainly was due to higher volume and improved performance on certain tactical missile programs and higher volume on air defense programs. The increase at GT&L primarily was attributable to higher volume on readiness and stability operations, which partially were offset by the absence in 2010 of a benefit recognized in the first quarter of 2009 from favorably resolving a contract matter at simulation & training programs. The decrease at MS2 primarily was attributable to lower volume and performance on undersea warfare system programs, which partially were offset by higher volume and improved performance on radar system programs in 2010.

Information Systems & Global Solutions

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(\$ millions)	2nd Q	uarter	Year-	to-Date
	2010	2009 2	2010 2	2009
Net sales Operating	\$2,688	\$2,535	\$5,034	\$4,875
profit Operating	\$238	\$224	\$445	\$451
margin	8.9%	8.8%	8.8%	9.3%

Net sales for IS&GS increased by 6 percent for the quarter and 3 percent for the first six months of 2010 from the comparable 2009 periods. In both periods, sales increased in Civil but declined in Defense and Intelligence. Civil increased principally due to higher volume on enterprise civilian services. Defense sales primarily decreased due to lower volume on mission and combat systems activities. Sales in Intelligence programs declined slightly mainly due to lower volume on security solutions, which partially were offset by higher volume in enterprise integration activities.

Operating profit for IS&GS increased by 6 percent for the quarter and decreased by 1 percent in the first six months of 2010 from the comparable 2009 periods. During the second quarter, operating profit increased in Intelligence and Civil but declined in Defense. The increase in Intelligence programs mainly was due to improved performance on security solutions, enterprise integration activities and other intelligence activities. The increase in Civil was mainly due to higher volume on enterprise civilian services. The decrease in operating profit at Defense primarily was attributable to lower volume on mission and combat systems activities.

During the first six months of the year, operating profit increases in Civil and Intelligence were more than offset by a decline in Defense. The increase in Civil was mainly due to higher volume on enterprise civilian services. The increase in Intelligence programs mainly was due to higher volume and improved performance on enterprise integration and other intelligence activities. The decrease in operating profit at Defense primarily was attributable to lower volume on mission and combat systems activities.

(\$ millions)	2nd Quarter		Year-to-Date	
	2010 2	2009 2	2010 2	2009
Net sales Operating	\$2,080	\$2,056	\$3,998	\$3,974
profit	\$245	\$224	\$458	\$436
Operating margin	11.8%	10.9%	11.5%	ä 11.0%

Net sales for Space Systems increased by 1 percent for the quarter and first six months of 2010 from the comparable 2009 periods. In both periods, sales growth at Satellites and Space Transportation partially were offset by declines in Strategic & Defensive Missile Systems (S&DMS). The sales growth in Satellites primarily was attributable to higher volume in government satellite activities. There were no commercial satellite deliveries during the second quarter and first six months of 2010 or 2009. The increase in Space Transportation principally was due to higher volume on the Orion program, which partially was offset by lower volume on the space shuttle external tank program. S&DMS sales decreased mainly due to lower volume on defensive missile and strategic missile programs.

Operating profit for Space Systems increased by 9 percent for the quarter and 5 percent for the first six months of 2010 from the comparable 2009 periods. Operating profit increased in all three lines of business during the quarter. The increase in Space Transportation mainly was attributable to higher volume on the Orion program, which partially was offset by lower volume on the space shuttle's external tank program. Satellites' operating profit increased primarily due to higher volume and improved performance on government satellite programs, which partially was offset by performance on commercial satellite programs. S&DMS operating profit increased mainly due to improved performance on strategic missile programs. Equity earnings represented 26 percent of operating profit at Space Systems in the second quarter of 2010, compared to 28 percent in the second quarter of 2009.

During the first six months of the year, operating profit increases in Space Transportation and S&DMS partially were offset by a decline in Satellites' operating profit. The increase in Space Transportation mainly was attributable to higher equity earnings on the ULA joint venture and higher volume on the Orion program, which partially were offset by lower volume on the space shuttle's external tank program. Satellites' operating profit decreased primarily due to performance on commercial satellite programs and a lower level of favorable performance adjustments on government satellite programs in 2010 as compared to 2009. S&DMS operating profit increased mainly due to improved performance on strategic missile and defensive missile programs. Equity earnings represented 25 percent of operating profit at Space Systems in the first six months of 2010, compared to 22 percent in the first six months of 2009.

Unallocated Corporate Expense, Net (\$ millions) 2nd Quarter Year-to-Date 2010 2009 2010 2009 FAS/CAS pension

adjustment \$(110) \$(115) \$(220) \$(229) Stock compensation expense (41) (42) (82) (72) Other, net (1) (37) (26) (35) --- --- ---Unallocated corporate expense, net \$(152) \$(194) \$(328) \$(336) --- ----

See the Corporation's 2009 Form 10-K for a description of "Unallocated corporate costs," including the FAS/CAS pension adjustment.

### **Income Taxes**

Our effective income tax rates were 29.4 percent and 34.7 percent for the quarter and six months ended June 27, 2010 compared to 30.4 percent and 31.0 percent for the quarter and six months ended June 28, 2009. The effective tax rate for the second quarter of 2010 was lower than the comparable period in 2009 primarily due to a reduction in our provision for foreign taxes. The effective tax rate for the first six months of 2010 was higher than the comparable period in 2009 primarily due to the enactment of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010. These Acts eliminated our tax deduction for company-paid retiree prescription drug expenses to the extent they are reimbursed under Medicare Part D, beginning in 2013. Since the tax benefits associated with these future deductions were reflected as deferred tax assets in our 2009 financial statements, the elimination of the tax deductions resulted in a reduction in deferred tax assets and an increase in income tax expense in the first quarter of 2010. This increase in income tax expense reduced 2010 net earnings by \$96 million.

The effective tax rates for both periods included tax benefits for U.S. manufacturing activities and dividends related to our employee stock ownership plans. The second quarter and first six months of 2009 tax rates included benefits related to the R&D credit, which expired on Dec. 31, 2009.

### **Discontinued Operations**

Discontinued operations includes the operating results for PAE for all periods presented and a \$96 million tax benefit in 2010 due to the recognition of a deferred tax asset for PAE book and tax differences recorded when the decision was made to dispose of PAE.

Headquartered in Bethesda, Md., Lockheed Martin is a global security company that employs about 136,000 people worldwide and is principally engaged in the research, design, development, manufacture, integration and sustainment of advanced technology systems, products and services. The Corporation's 2009 sales from continuing operations were \$44.5 billion.

### Web site: www.lockheedmartin.com

Conference call: Lockheed Martin will webcast the earnings conference call (listen-only mode) at 11:00 a.m. E.T. on July 27, 2010. A live audio broadcast, including relevant charts, will be available on the Investor Relations page of the company's web site at: http://www.lockheedmartin.com/investor.

### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements in this release that are "forward-looking statements" are based on Lockheed Martin's current expectations and assumptions. Forward-looking statements in this release include estimates of future sales, earnings and cash flow. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially due to factors such as:

- -- the availability of government funding for our products and services both domestically and internationally due to performance, cost growth, or other factors;
- -- changes in government and customer priorities and requirements (including changes to respond to the priorities of Congress and the Administration, budgetary constraints, and cost-cutting initiatives);
- the impact of economic recovery and stimulus plans and continued military operations in Iraq and Afghanistan on funding for existing defense programs;
- -- failure to have key programs recertified after notice of exceeding cost-growth thresholds specified by the Nunn-McCurdy process;
- -- the award or termination of contracts;
- -- actual returns (or losses) on pension plan assets, interest and discount rates and other changes that may affect pension plan assumptions;
- -- the effect of capitalization changes (such as share repurchase activity, advance pension funding, option exercises, or debt levels) on earnings per share;
- difficulties in developing and producing operationally advanced technology systems;
- -- the timing and customer acceptance of product deliveries;
- -- materials availability and performance by key suppliers, subcontractors and customers;

- charges from any future impairment reviews that may result in the recognition of losses and a reduction in the book value of goodwill or other long-term assets;
- -- the future impact of legislation, rulemaking, and changes in accounting, tax, defense procurement, or export policies;
- -- the future impact of acquisitions or divestitures, joint ventures or teaming arrangements; including the potential that a delay in the divestiture of EIG could result in U.S. Government customers electing not to renew existing or award new contracts to EIG;
- -- the outcome of legal proceedings and other contingencies (including lawsuits, government investigations or audits, and the cost of completing environmental remediation efforts);
- -- the competitive environment for the Corporation's products and services;
- -- the ability to attract and retain key personnel; and
- -- economic, business and political conditions domestically and internationally.

These are only some of the factors that may affect the forward-looking statements contained in this press release. For further information regarding risks and uncertainties associated with Lockheed Martin's business, please refer to the Corporation's SEC filings, including the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," "Risk Factors," and "Legal Proceedings" sections of the Corporation's 2009 annual report on Form 10-K, which may be obtained at the Corporation's website: <a href="http://www.lockheedmartin.com/">http://www.lockheedmartin.com/</a>.

It is the Corporation's policy to only update or reconfirm its financial projections by issuing a press release. The Corporation generally plans to provide a forward-looking outlook as part of its quarterly earnings release but reserves the right to provide an outlook at different intervals or to revise its practice in future periods. All information in this release is as of July 26, 2010. Lockheed Martin undertakes no duty to update any forward-looking statement to reflect subsequent events, actual results or changes in the Corporation's expectations. We also disclaim any duty to comment upon or correct information that may be contained in reports published by investment analysts or others.

### NON-GAAP PERFORMANCE MEASURES

The Corporation believes that reporting ROIC provides investors with greater visibility into how effectively Lockheed Martin uses the capital invested in its operations. The Corporation uses ROIC to evaluate multi-year investment decisions and as a long-term performance measure, and also uses ROIC as a factor in evaluating management performance for incentive compensation purposes. ROIC is not a measure of financial performance under generally accepted accounting principles, and may not be defined and calculated by other companies in the same manner. ROIC should not be considered in isolation or as an alternative to net earnings as an indicator of performance.

The Corporation calculates ROIC as follows:

Net earnings plus after-tax interest expense divided by average invested capital (stockholders' equity plus debt), after adjusting stockholders' equity by adding back adjustments related to postretirement benefit plans.

(In millions, except percentages) Aj	2010 Proj oril 2010 Curre	jections ent Update
Net Earnings		
Interest Expense		
(multiplied by 65%) (	1) Combined	Combined
Return	>/= \$ 2,860	>/= \$ 3,000
Average debt (2, 5) Average equity (3, 5) Average Benefit Plan Adjustments(4,5)	Combined	Combined
	= \$</td <td></td>	
Average Invested Cap	ital 17,900	= \$ 17,650</td
Return on invested capital	>/= 16.0%	>/= 17.0%

(1) Represents after-tax interest expense utilizing the federal statutory rate of 35 percent. Interest expense is added back to net earnings as it represents the return to debt holders. Debt is included as a component of average invested capital.
 (2) Debt consists of long-term debt, including current maturities, and short-term borrowings (if any).
 (3) Equity includes non-cash adjustments, primarily to recognize the funded /unfunded status of our benefit plans.

(4) Average Benefit Plan Adjustments reflect the cumulative value of entries identified in our Statement of Stockholders' Equity discussed in Note 11.

each quarter.

#### LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings

Unaudited

(In millions, except per share data and percentages)

### THREE MONTHS ENDED

	June 27, 2010	une 28, (a) 20	)09 (a)
Net sales	\$11,442	2 \$	11,072
Cost of sales	10,382	2	10,060
Gross profit	1,060	1	L,012
Other income, net		75 	66
Operating profit	1,13	5	1,078
Interest expense	8	6	74
Other non-operatin income (expense),		(19)	46
Earnings from cont operations before taxes		1,0	050
Income tax expens	e 	303 	319
Earnings from cont operations	inuing 727		731
Earnings from disco operations (b), (c)		3	3
Net earnings	\$82! ====		\$734 ===
Effective tax rate	e 29.4 ====	4%	30.4% ===
Earnings per comm Basic			
Continuing oper	rations \$	1.98	\$1.89

Discontinued operation	าร	0.27	0.01
Basic earnings per com	mon		
share	\$2.25		\$1.90
Diluted			
Continuing operations		\$1.96	\$1.87
Discontinued operation	าร	0.26	0.01
Diluted earnings per			
common share	\$	2.22	\$1.88
Average number of share outstanding			
Basic	367.6		386.9
Diluted	371.7		390.9
Common shares reported	in		

stockholders' equity at quarter end:

## SIX MONTHS ENDED

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	June 28,			
	June 27, 2010	(a)	2009	(a)
			•	
Net sales	\$21,91	.5	\$21,28	0
Cost of sales	19,92	27	19,26	3
Gross profit	1,988	3	2,017	
Other income, net		119	11	3
Operating profit	2,1	07	2,13	0
Interest expense	1	73	148	3
Other non-operatin		0		-
income (expense)	, net 	9 	4	3
Earnings from cont	inuina			
Earnings from cont operations before				
taxes	1,943		2,025	
Income tax expens	e	675	6	28
Earnings from cont	-			
operations	1,26	8	1,397	
Earnings from disc				
operations (b), (c)	10	04 	3	
Neterminer	¢1 0	70	¢1 40	
Net earnings	\$1,3 =====		\$1,40 =====	
Effective tax rate	e 34	.7%	31.	0%
	====		====	

Earnings per common share: Basic

Basic earnings per common share \$3.70 \$3.59 Diluted Continuing operations \$3.38 \$3.54 Discontinued operations 0.28 0.01 
share \$3.70 \$3.59 Diluted Continuing operations \$3.38 \$3.54 Discontinued operations 0.28 0.01  Diluted earnings per
Diluted Continuing operations \$3.38 \$3.54 Discontinued operations 0.28 0.01 
Continuing operations \$3.38 \$3.54 Discontinued operations 0.28 0.01 
Continuing operations \$3.38 \$3.54 Discontinued operations 0.28 0.01 
Discontinued operations 0.28 0.01  Diluted earnings per
Diluted earnings per
5 1
5 1
5 1
¢5100 \$5105
Average number of shares
5
outstanding
Basic 370.6 390.2
Diluted 374.7 394.2
Common shares reported in
stockholders' equity at
guarter end: 360.0 381.7

(a) It is our practice to close our books and records on the Sunday prior to the end of the calendar quarter. The interim financial statements and tables of financial information included herein are labeled based on that convention.

(b) In June 2010, we announced plans to divest Pacific Architects and Engineers, Inc. (PAE). As a result, the consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to reflect PAE as a discontinued operation.

(c) The 2010 2nd quarter and year-to-date amounts include a \$96 million tax benefit due to the recognition of a deferred tax asset for PAE book and tax differences recorded when the decision was made to dispose of PAE.

LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Net Sales, Operating Profit and Margins (a) Unaudited (In millions, except percentages)

### THREE MONTHS ENDED

Net sales	June 27, 2010	June 28, 2009 	
		28 3,	86 2% 395 4 6
	ns 2,000		056 1
Total net s	 ales \$11,44 ======		,072 3% ====
Operating pro	fit		
Aeronautics Electronic Sy Information Systems & C	stems 43		9 (7)% 25 2
Solutions	238	224	6

Space Systems	245	224	9
 Segment operatin	a		
5 1	287	1,272	1
Unallocated corporate	<i>(</i> )	<i>(</i> )	
expense, net	(152)	(194)	
Total operating			
profit \$1	,135	\$1,078	5%
===		=====	=
Margins			
Aeronautics	11.8%	12.9%	6
Electronic Systems	12.2	12.	5
Information Systems & Global			
Solutions	8.9	8.8	
Space Systems	11.8	10.9	)
Total operating segments	11.2	11.5	
Total consolidated	9.9%	9.79	%

## SIX MONTHS ENDED

	June 27, 2010	, 	June 28 200		% Cha	nge
Net sales						
Aeronautics Electronic Sys Information S	stems	6,804		\$5,86 6,5	7 64	4% 4
Global Soluti	ons	5,034		4,87	5	3
Space System	าร 	3,998		3,97	74	1
Total net s	-	21,915 ===	=	\$21,2		3%
Operating prof  Aeronautics		\$696		\$754	(	(8)%
Electronic Sys Information S		836 ,		82	5	1
Global Soluti	ons	445		451		(1)
Space System	าร 	458		436	6	5
Segment op profit	perating 2,43	35	2,4	66	(1)	
Unallocated c expense, net	•	(328)		(336)		
Total opera profit	ating \$2,1 ====			130 ====	• • •	1%

## Margins

Aeronautics	11.4%	12.9%
Electronic Systems	12.3	12.6
Information Systems	s &	
Global Solutions	8.8	9.3
Space Systems	11.5	11.0
Total operating		
segments	11.1	11.6
Total consolidated	9.6%	10.0%

(a) In June 2010, we announced the realignment of two IS&GS businesses, Readiness & Stability Operations (RSO) and Savi Technology, Inc., with our Simulation, Training and Support business to form the Global Training & Logistics line of business within Electronic Systems. All of the business segment information presented in the attachments has been reclassified to reflect this realignment and to exclude the PAE business from the IS&GS business segment information for all prior periods presented. PAE is now presented in discontinued operations. In connection with the realignment and divestiture activities announced in June, IS&GS' name was changed to Information Systems & Global Solutions, replacing "Services" with "Solutions" to better reflect its focus and scope.

LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Effect of Realignment on ESBA and IS&GS Net Sales, Operating Profit and Margins (a) Unaudited (In millions, except percentages)

#### THREE MONTHS ENDED

June 27,	June 28,
2010	2009

-----

Electronic Systems

### Net Sales

-----

Results under old		
structure	\$3,088	\$3,076
Realignment	440	319

Reported under new structure \$3,528 \$3,395 ====== ====

Operating profit

-----

Results under old	1	
structure	\$405	\$406
Realignment	27	19

Reported under new structure \$432 \$425 ==== ===

### Margins

-----

Results under old

13.1%	13.2%
(0.9)	(0.7)
12.2%	12.5%
	(0.9)

### SIX MONTHS ENDED

-----

June 27,	June 28,
2010	2009

### Electronic Systems

## Net Sales

Results under old

-----

structure	\$6,002	\$5,989
Realignment	802	575
Reported under		
new structure	\$6,804 =====	\$6,564 =====
Operating profit		
Results under ol	d	
structure	\$793	\$796
Realignment	43	29
Reported under		
new structure	\$836 ====	\$825 ====
Margins		
Results under ol	d	
structure	13.2%	13.3%
Realignment	(0.9)	(0.7)
Reported under new structure	12.3%	12.6%

### THREE MONTHS ENDED

-----

June 27,	June 28,
2010	2009

Information Systems & Global Solutions

Net Sales

Results under oldstructure\$3,277Realignment(440)PAE to

discontinued operations 	(149)	(164)
	\$2,688 ====	\$2,535 =====
Operating profit		
Results under old structure Realignment PAE to discontinued operations (b)	\$269 (27) (4)	\$248 (19) (5)
Reported under new structure ==	\$238 ===	\$224 ====
Margins 		
Results under old structure Realignment and exclusions Reported under new structure	8.2% 0.6 8.9%	8.2% 0.6 8.8%

### SIX MONTHS ENDED

#### -----

June 27,	June 28,
2010	2009

### Information Systems & Global Solutions

### Net Sales

Results under old structure Realignment PAE to	\$6,149 (802)	\$5,779 (575)
discontinued operations	(313)	(329)
Reported under new structure =	\$5,034 ====	\$4,875 =====
Operating profit		

Results under old		
structure	\$502	\$490
Realignment	(43)	(29)
PAE to		
discontinued		
operations (b)	(14)	(10)

		-	
Reported under new structure	\$445 ====	\$451 ====	
Margins 			
Results under ole structure Realignment and	8.2%	8.5%	

Realignment and		
exclusions	0.7	0.8
Reported under		
new structure	8.8%	9.3%

(a)In June 2010, we announced the realignment of two IS&GS businesses, Readiness & Stability Operations (RSO) and Savi Technology, Inc., with our Simulation, Training and Support business to form the Global Training & Logistics line of business within Electronic Systems. We also announced plans to divest our PAE business. PAE is now presented in discontinued operations. This attachment shows what the results would have been under the old structure before the realignment, the impact of the realignment and the results under the new structure.

(b) Earnings from discontinued operations on the Income Statement includes the operating profit amounts noted above plus interest income, interest expense and income tax expense or benefits. These amounts totaled \$94 million and \$90 million in the second quarter and first six months of 2010 as compared to (\$2) million and (\$7) million in the comparable 2009 periods.

LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Selected Financial Data Unaudited (In millions, except per share data)

#### THREE MONTHS ENDED

	June 27, 2010	June 28, 2009	
Unallocated corporate expense, net			
FAS/CAS pens adjustment Stock compensatio	\$(110)	\$(115)	
expense Other, net	(41) (1)	(42) (37)	
Unallocated corporate			
expense, n	et \$(152) =====	\$(194) =====	

## THREE MONTHS ENDED

June 27,	June 28,
2010	2009

FAS/CAS pension adjustment		
FAS pension		
expense	\$(357)	\$(259)
Less: CAS costs	(247)	(144)
FAS/CAS pensi	on	
adjustment	\$(110)	\$(115)
=	=====	=====

## THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 27, 2010 (a)

	Operating profit	Net earnings	Earnings
-			per share
Unusual Item 2010	-		
Elimination of Medicare Part deferred tax assets	t D \$-	\$-	\$-
	===	===	===

## SIX MONTHS ENDED

Ju	ine 27, 2010	June 28, 2009
Unallocated		
corporate		
expense, net		
FAS/CAS pensic	n	
adjustment	\$(220)	\$(229)
Stock	,	
compensation		
expense	(82)	(72)
Other, net	(26)	(35)
Unallocated		
corporate		
expense, net	\$(328)	\$(336)
		=====

## SIX MONTHS ENDED

J	une 27, 2010	June 28, 2009
FAS/CAS pensio adjustment	n	
FAS pension expense Less: CAS cost	\$(714) s (494	,

FAS/CAS pension	n	
adjustment	\$(220)	\$(229)
=:	====	=====

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 27, 2010 (a)

Operating profit	Net earnings	Earnings
		per share 

Unusual Item -2010 ------Elimination of Medicare Part D deferred tax assets \$-== = == =====

(a) There were no unusual items reported in the first six months of 2009.

### LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Selected Financial Data Unaudited (In millions)

## THREE MONTHS ENDED

-----

-	June 27, 2010	June 28, 2009
Depreciation and amo of plant and equipme		
Aeronautics Electronic Systems Information Systems Solutions	14	\$47 60 17
Space Systems	44	42
Segments	 164	166
Unallocated corporation net	te expense, 15	15
Total depreciation amortization of p		

amortization of pla	ant and	
equipment	\$179	\$181
	====	====

### THREE MONTHS ENDED

June 27,	June 28,
2010	2009

Amortization of purchased intangibles

-----

Aeronautics	\$13	\$13
Electronic Systems	5	5
Information Systems & G	ilobal	
Solutions	4	8
Space Systems	-	1
	-	
Total amortization of		
purchased intangibles	s \$22	\$27
=	:==	===

## SIX MONTHS ENDED

	June 27, 2010	June 28, 2009
Depreciation and and on of plant and equipr		
Aeronautics Electronic System Information Syster		\$94 118
Solutions	28	31
Space Systems	87	85
Segments	322	328
Unallocated corpo	rate expense,	
net	29	28
Total depreciati amortization of		
equipment	\$351	\$356
	====	====

## SIX MONTHS ENDED

Jı 	une 27, 2010 		June 28, 2009 	
Amortization of purcha intangibles 	ased			
Aeronautics Electronic Systems	\$2	5	\$2	25 9
Information Systems Solutions	& Global 12	11	17	9
Space Systems		1	= /	3
Total amortization purchased intangi	-	\$49		\$54
	===		===	

### LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (In millions, except percentages)

	(Unaudite JUNE 27, 2010 	DECE	MBER 31, 2009
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equi Short-Term Investm Accounts Receivable Inventories Deferred Income Ta Assets of Discontinu Operations Held for Other Current Asset	ents e, Net 2 xes ed Sale	\$2,72; 877 6,383 ,360 962 499 409 	2 \$2,391 346 5,840 2,131 812 537 656
Total Current Asse	ts	14,212	12,713
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net Goodwill Purchased Intangibl Prepaid Pension Ass Deferred Income Ta Other Assets	es, Net et xes	4,381 797 179 167 3,614 3,889	4,517 9,810 226 160 3,779 3,906
Total Assets	-	6,239 ===	\$35,111 =======
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equit  Accounts Payable Customer Advances Amounts in Excess Incurred	y and of Costs	\$2,271 180	\$2,014 5,039
Liabilities of Discont Operations Held for		281	280
Other Current Liabil		4,127	3,392
Total Current Liab	ilities	11,859	10,725
Long-term Debt, Ne Accrued Pension Lia Other Postretiremer Benefit Liabilities an Other Noncurrent	bilities It	5,019 11,194	5,052 10,823
Liabilities Stockholders' Equity	4,4	33 3,734	4,382 4,129
Total Liabilities an Stockholders' Equ		 \$36,239 ===	- \$35,111 ======
Total debt-to- capitalization ratio:	===	57% =	55% ===

LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Unaudited (In millions)

SIX MONTHS ENDED		
June 27,	June 28,	
2010	2009	

2010 2009

**Operating Activities** 

\$1,372 \$1,400
351 356
d 49 54
on 82 72
(8) (13)
ets
t (552) (812) (197) 101
247 118
osts
137 219
L,393 859 
2,874 2,354
(223) (299)
(531) -
(22) (187)
(28) (14)
·
(804) (500)
0ck (1,247) (969) 37 23 8 13 (471) (449) (47) -

Net cash used for financing

activities	(1,720)	(1,382)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and ca		
equivalents	(19)	32
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivale	331	504
at beginning of period	2,391	2,168
Cash and cash equivale at end of period	nts \$2.722	\$2.672
at end of period	<i>ΨΖ,1ΖΖ</i>	\$2,072
	======	=====

LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Condensed Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity Unaudited (In millions, except per share data)

> Additional Common Paid-In Retained Stock Capital Earnings

Balance at December 31, 2009	\$373	\$-	\$12,351
Net earnings	-	-	1,372
Common stocl dividends declared (a)	< -	-	(704)
Stock-based awards and other	3	251	-
Common stocl repurchases (b)	< (16)	(251)	(1,031)
Other			

comprehensive loss - - -

Balance at			
June 27,			
2010	\$360	\$-	\$11,988

Accumulated Other Total Comprehensive Stockholders' Loss Equity

Balance at December 31, 2009	\$(8,595)	4,129
Net earnings	-	1,372
Common stock dividends declared (a)	-	(704)
Stock-based awards and other	-	254
Common stock repurchases (b)	-	(1,298)
Other comprehensive loss	(19)	(19)

Balance at		
June 27,		
2010	\$(8,614)	\$3,734

(a) Includes dividends (\$0.63 per share) declared and paid in the first and second quarters. This amount also includes a dividend (\$0.63 per share) that was declared on June 24, 2010 and is payable on September 24, 2010 to stockholders of record on September 1, 2010.

(b) We repurchased 9.7 million shares for \$781.8 million during the second quarter. Year-to-date, we repurchased 16.2 million common shares for \$1.3 billion. We have 12.6 million shares remaining under our share repurchase program as of June 27, 2010.

#### LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Operating Data Unaudited

	June 27, 2010	31	2009
Backlog			
(In millions	)		
Aeronautics Electronic S Informatior Systems &	ວັງstems າ	4,400 21,900	\$26,700 23,100
Solutions	9,9	000	10,900
Space Syst			16,800
Total	\$72,8	00	\$77,500
	=====	===	

SIX MONTHS	
THREE MONTHS ENDED	

ENDED

	June	June June	June
Aircraft	27,	28, 27,	28,

Deliveries	2010	2009	2010	2009
F-16	5	8 11	16	
F-22	4	58	10	
C-130J	6	39	6	

#### LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings - Unaudited (In millions, except per share data and percentages)

## THREE MONTHS ENDED

Marc	h 28, 2010 
Net sales	\$10,473
Cost of sales	9,545
Gross profit	928
Other income, net	44
Operating profit	972
Interest expense	87
Other non- operating income (expense), net	28
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes	913
Income tax expense	372
Earnings from continuing operations	541
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations (a)	6
Net earnings	\$547 ====
Effective tax rate	40.7% ====
Earnings per common share: Basic Continuing operations Discontinued	\$1.45
operations	0.01

----

Basic earnings per common share	\$1.46
Diluted	
Continuing operations	\$1.43
Discontinued	
operations	0.02
Diluted earnings	
per common share	\$1.45

### THREE MONTHS ENDED

	March June Seg 29, 28, 27, 2009 2009 	otember December 31, 2009 2009 
Net sales	\$10,208 \$11,072	\$10,893 \$12,332
Cost of sales	9,203 10,060	
Gross profit	1,005 1,012	999 1,229
Other income,	net 47 66	
Operating prof	it 1,052 1,078	1,081 1,257
Interest expen	se 74 74	74 86
Other non- operating inco (expense), net		
Earnings from continuing operations be income taxes	fore 975 1,050	1,061 1,197
	pense 309 319	267 353 
Earnings from continuing operations	666 731	794 844
Earnings (loss) from discontir operations (a)	nued	3 (17)
Net earnings	\$666 \$734 ==== ====	\$797 \$827 ==== ====
Effective tax	rate 31.7% 30.4%	25.2% 29.5% ==== ====
Earnings per co share: Basic Continuing operations	\$1.69 \$1.89	\$2.08 \$2.23
Discontinue	20	

operations	-	0.01		0.01	(0.04	1)
Basic earnings per	÷ 1	60	±1.00		+ 2 00	<b>#2 10</b>
common share	\$1	.69	\$1.90	:	\$2.09	\$2.19
Diluted						
Continuing						
operations \$	1.68	\$1	.87	\$2.	06 \$	52.21
Discontinued						
operations	-	0.01		0.01	(0.04	4)
Diluted earnings						
per common share	e \$	1.68	\$1.88		\$2.07	\$2.17

### YEAR ENDED DECEMBER

31,

2008 2007 --------Net sales \$41,926 \$41,232 Cost of sales 37,291 37,018 -----4,635 Gross profit 4,214 t 475 --- ---Other income, net 295 Operating profit 5,110 4,509 341 Interest expense 332 Other nonoperating income (91) 189 (expense), net ------Earnings from continuing operations before 4,687 income taxes 4,357 Income tax expense 1,479 1,318 ----------Earnings from continuing operations 3,208 3,039 Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations (a) 9 (6) ------Net earnings \$3,217 \$3,033 \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ Effective tax rate 31.6% 30.3% ==== ==== Earnings per common share:

Basic Continuing

operations Discontinued	\$8.03	\$7.31
operations	0.02	(0.02)
Basic earnings per common share	\$8.05	\$7.29
Diluted Continuing		
operations Discontinued	\$7.84	\$7.12
operations	0.02	(0.02)
Diluted earnings per common share	e \$7.86	\$7.10
per common share	e \$7.86	\$7.10

(a) In June 2010, we announced plans to divest Pacific Architects and Engineers, Inc. (PAE). As a result, the consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to reflect PAE as a discontinued operation.

LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Net Sales, Operating Profit and Margins - Realigned Business Segments Unaudited (In millions, except percentages)

THREE		
MONTHS		
ENDED		
Marah 20		
March 28,		

```
2010
```

Net sales:

-----

Aeronautics Electronic Systems	\$2,933 3,276	
Information Systems & Global Space Systems	Solutions 1,918	2,346
Total net sales	\$10,473 ======	

#### Operating profit:

Aeronautics	\$324	
Electronic Systems	404	
Information Systems & Global Solution	S	207
Space Systems	213	
Segment operating profit	1,14	48
Unallocated corporate expense, net		(176)
Total apprating profit	¢070	
Total operating profit	\$972	
==		

Aeronautics Electronic Systems Information Systems & Global Solutions Space Systems	11.0% 12.3 11.1	8.8
Total operating segments	11.0	
Total consolidated	9.3%	

## THREE MONTHS ENDED

March	June
29,	28,
2009	2009

Net sales:

-----

Aeronautics Electronic Systems Information Systems & Glob Space Systems Total net sales ==		3,395 2,340 2,056 \$11,072	2,535
Operating profit:			
Aeronautics Electronic Systems Information Systems & Glob Space Systems		425 227	224
Segment operating profit	1,19	4 1,2	72
Unallocated corporate exp		(142)	(194)
1 51	\$1,052		3
Margins:			
Aeronautics Electronic Systems Information Systems & Glob Space Systems	12.8% 12.6 al Solutions 11.1	12.5 9.7	8.8
Total operating segments	11.	7 11.	5
Total consolidated	10.3%	9.7%	1

### THREE MONTHS ENDED

-----

## September December 27, 31,

	2009	2009	
Net sales:			
Aeronautics Electronic Systems Information Systems & Glo Space Systems	\$3,084 3,254 bal Solutions 2,073	3,714 2,482	2,761
Total net sales	\$10,893 =====	\$12,332 =====	
Operating profit:			
Aeronautics Electronic Systems Information Systems & Glo Space Systems	\$397 404 bal Solutions 236	\$426 431 225 300	272
Segment operating profit	t 1,2	62 1,4	29
Unallocated corporate ex	kpense, net 	(181)	(172)
Total operating profit	\$1,081 =====	\$1,25	
Margins:			
Aeronautics Electronic Systems Information Systems & Glo Space Systems	12.9% 12.4 bal Solutions 11.4	13.1% 11.6 9.1 11.5	9.9
Total operating segment	s 11	.6 11	.6
Total consolidated	9.9%	10.2%	6

### YEAR ENDED DECEMBER

2008	2007

31,

#### Net sales:

-----

Aeronautics	\$11,473	\$12,303	
Electronic Systems	12,803	12,046	
Information Systems &	Global Solutions	9,623	8,680
Space Systems	8,027	8,203	
Total net sales	\$41,926 ======	\$41,232 ======	

Operating profit:

Aeronautics Electronic Systems Information Systems & Globa Space Systems	\$1,433 1,583 I Solutions 953	1,441 980	900
Segment operating profit	4,94	9 4,6	73
Unallocated corporate expe 	ense, net 	161	(164)
Total operating profit ===	\$5,110 ====		9
Margins:			
Aeronautics	12.5%	12.0%	
Electronic Systems	12.4	12.0	
Information Systems & Globa	I Solutions	10.2	10.4
Space Systems	11.9		
Space Systems Total operating segments		10.4	.3

### LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION

Selected Financial Data - Realigned Business Segments Unaudited (In millions)

THREE MONTHS ENDED

#### March 28, 2010 ----

27

Depreciation and amortization of plant and equipment

Aeronautics Electronic Systems Information Systems & Global Solutions Space Systems	\$47 54 43	14
Segments	158	
Unallocated corporate expense, net Total depreciation and amortization of equipment ==	plant and \$172 ==	14
Amortization of purchased intangibles		
Aeronautics Electronic Systems Information Systems & Global Solutions Space Systems	\$12 6 1	8

Segments

Total amortization of purchased intangibles \$27

## THREE MONTHS ENDED

-

	29, 28, 27,	ember De 31, 2009 2 	ecember 009
Depreciation and amortization of pla and equipment	nt		
Aeronautics Electronic System Information Syste		\$49 61	\$55 66
Global Solutions Space Systems	14 17 43 42	17 46	18 51
Segments	162 166	173	190
Unallocated corpo expense, net	rate 13 15	15	16
Total depreciati amortization of and equipment	fplant	\$18 ====	•
Amortization of pur intangibles 	chased		
Aeronautics Electronic System Information Syste		\$13 4	\$12 5
Global Solutions Space Systems	9 8 2 1	8 2	9 (3)
Segments	27 27	27	23
Unallocated corpo expense, net	rate 		
Total amortizati purchased inta		\$2	27 \$23

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

2008	2007

Depreciation and amortization of plant and equipment

-----

\$190 257 Solutions 166	\$181 230 61 136	65		
674	612			
net	53	54		
Total depreciation and amortization of plant				
\$727	\$666			
====	====			
ibles				
	257 Solutions 166 674 net ization of plar \$727 ====	$\begin{array}{cccc} 257 & 230 \\ 50 \\ 166 & 136 \\ 674 & 612 \\ 166 & 53 \\ 122 \\ 102 \\ 103 $		

Aeronautics Electronic Systems	\$50 18	\$50 34	
Information Systems & Global Sc Space Systems	olutions 5	36 9	48
	-	-	
Segments	109	141	
Unallocated corporate expense, r	net	9	12
Total amortization of purchase	d intangibles	\$118	\$153

---- ----

LOCKHEED MARTIN CORPORATION Backlog - Realigned Business Segments Unaudited (In millions)

March 28,	March 2	9, June 28,
2010	2009	2009

Backlog:

Aeronautics	\$26,000	\$27,100	\$27,900
Electronic Systems	22,300	24,000	22,100
Information System	s & Global		
Solutions	10,600	11,400	10,400
Space Systems	15,700	17,800	18,400
Total backlog	\$74,600	\$80,300	\$78,800
	======	======	======

September 27, December 31, December 31, 2009 2009 2008			
Backlog:			
Aeronautics	\$25,900	\$26,700	\$27,200
Electronic Systems	21,700	23,100	23,500
Information Systems &	Global		
Solutions	10,200	10,900	11,800
Space Systems	18,000	16,800	17,900
Total backlog	\$75,800	\$77,500	\$80,400
	======	======	======
First Call Analyst: Rai FCMN Contact:	nda Middleto	'n	

SOURCE: Lockheed Martin Corporation

Web Site: <a href="http://www.lockheedmartin.com/">http://www.lockheedmartin.com/</a>

## https://news.lockheedmartin.com/2010-07-27-LOCKHEED-MARTIN-ANNOUNCES-SECOND-QUARTER-2010-RESULTS